# May 28, 1670 LETTER 

## EXCERPTS: "Family Histories and Genealogies"

AUTHOR: Edward Elbridge Salisbury, 1892

Pages 540-41:
"October 12, 1669, he was granted 1000 acres 'in any place that may
not prejudice a plantation, ' for his public service, as well at home as in
England."
"Another " significant memorial " of the Deputy-Governor, to use
Hutchinson's expression, is a letter dated May 28, 1670, when he was confined
to his bed by sickness, addressed to his associates in the Government,
exhorting them to "the demonstration of oneness and affection." We
give the whole letter, as follows :
" Gentlemen
" The all wise God seeing fit to lay me under Such a dispensation as by which I
am rendered uncapable of attending upon you and upon the work that $I$ have been called to, being Confined to my habitation.
"Having varietie of visiters Sometimes, and meeting with reports, (how true I
know not) that you were making it your work to be Solicitous to know the Cause of
Gods displeasure and frown upon us manifested in those Severall wayes which are obvious to any intelligent spirit ; It being hinted to me that the way that's taken does not seeme to produce any good Issue ; but rather to beget animosities and distances
of spirit one part of the court against the other, and one person against another ;
which if true, is possibly occasioned by the misrepresentation of Cases, possibly by
prejudices taken up in one anothers spirits, without enquiring into the truth and
reallity of things, possibly by some occasion given in some particular cases (we all,
being but men, and capable of acting but as men, and so Subject to faile and miscarry
in every thing we doe) 1 take the boldnes to hint the Same and to lay my
feares before you that (if things be amongst you as they are rendered, that there
should be such distances in your transactions) it may tend to the provoking of God
to a further degree of displeasure, and may lay us open to greater Inconvenience
both at home and abroad, when it shalbe rumour'd that you shalbe at such a distance
one from another ; especially if you should rise and break up court in such a frame.
"As I beg your excuse wherein I may be defective in anything I say, so I would
humbly entreat you would look upon your selves not only as men, but men eminently
professing the name of God: Consider that the eyes of the world are in a great
measure upon us, so that if we doe anything that may prove Inconvenient to our
Selves, the name of God will not only suffer exceedingly, but we shalbe as persons
without pitty, by how much we if by our pretended enquiry into the cause of Gods
anger, shall divide and break to peeces and bring suffrings upon our Selves, when
the Lord by his providence hath prevented its coming by other hands. That there
maybe differences of apprehension is nothing but whats Common. But our direction
in the word of God is that all things should be done in Love ; and if we would
doe any singular thing, as we are singular in our profession, Let's manifest it in
our endeavouring to Subdue our Spirits, and to carry things an end with that affection
and tendernes to the name of God, and one another, that it may appear the
spirit of the Lord Jesus Christ is breathing in us. I perswade my selfe your scope and aime is right, and for God: But the way and manner to bring about your aimes may possibly be sometimes irregular ; Let's mind the manner as well as the matter :

Let the name of God be most dear and precious to us, above our private annimosities and prejudices : Let not Jealouzy possess our spirits without sufficient ground and demonstration, and let the demonstration appear to be a Contrivance in way of
designe, before we set our selves in full opposition : For it may be upon enquiry, it mayeither arise from weakness or Infirmity, or from that Latitude which we would give to others or gladly take our selves. I earnestly beg what I say may not be misconstructed ; you know my plainess, if $I$ err in anything Charge it to the account of
my love, and great desire the name of God may not be a sufferer by our means : And
I doe earnestly beseech you that you study and contrive some way before you break
up the Court, to adjorne with the demonstration of oneness and affection, that it may
appear you all scope at the good of the poor Country : And that you will endeavour
to have as good thoughts one of another as possibly you can, retaining the Interest
of the name of God among us ; Let it not be published to the world that the Government
of New England is broken, and that your animosities are such that tis Impossible for you to agree in
anything that may tend to the Saving the whole. Desiring
a good Construction may be put upon my broken lines ; and that you will beleeve
that my scope is publike Interest ; Praying and beseeching the Lord to be with you
in your Counsells and determinations, that his name may be gloryfied in all your
transactions, with my service heartyly tendered to you I rest
"yours affectionately desiring the Interest of the name of God may not
be buryed, but thrive in this poor wilderness under your hands
ffr Willoughby "
"Charlestowne 28th. 3d. 70
"Hon. Hamilton A. Hill, author of the " History of the Old South
Church in Boston," refers to this letter in the following words :
"While this controversy between the two branches of the General Court was in
progress, the deputy governor, Francis Willoughby, detained at his home in Charlestown
by illness, was following it with the deepest interest. Unable to participate in
the discussions in person, he wrote a letter to the magistrates, which was pervaded
by a beautiful spirit of charity and conciliation. This letter probably made very
little impression upon the opposition party at the time, but it reveals to us the
amiable, candid, and devout qualities of the writer's mind and heart. After reading
it we can easily believe, as Backus tells us, that he was 'a great opposer of the persecutions
against the Baptists.' The members of the Old South certainly can never

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forget that in the days of its trial this excellent man opened his hospitable doors to
receive the council which met for its recognition, and which extended to it the right
hand of church fellowship."
Nowonder that the Deputy-Governor, being such a bold opposer of
wrong, and yet so peace-loving a man, " is mentioned," as Hutchinson
says, "in warm terms of affection by his contemporaries."
Additional information about this story
Description
            Date
    Location
Attached to Francis Willoughby (1613-1671)
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